| Naı | me: Date: Class:  |  |  |  |
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| W   | orld Studies for Georgia Students-Grade 6   |  |  |  |
|     | napter 11: Commonwealth of Australia<br>ection 1: The Geography of Australia  |  |  |  |
| Gu  | uided Reading   |  |  |  |
|     | <b>astructions:</b> Read the section and complete each item with words from e passages in this section.   |  |  |  |
| 1.  | Australia is unique in that it is both a and a country.   |  |  |  |
| 2.  | Australia is surrounded by the Ocean on the east and the Ocean on the west.   |  |  |  |
| 3.  | Australia's geography is unique in that it is the only country on the world's  and continent. It is also the  continent, other than Antarctica. |  |  |  |
| 4.  | The largest part of Australia is Little falls in the central part of the country.   |  |  |  |
| 5.  | The areas of Australia are the most highly populated. Most people live along the coast.   |  |  |  |
| 6.  | The term refers specifically to Australia's dry interior. The is mainly open countryside, including vast areas of grazing land.                 |  |  |  |
| 7.  | have always been important to Australian trade.   |  |  |  |
| 8.  | Another of Australia's natural resources is land. There are enough areas with good and rainfall to make farming an important business.          |  |  |  |
| 9.  | The best way to visualize Australia is to think of huge   |  |  |  |

plains stretching across the country's middle. There are milder

along the southeastern and southwestern coasts.

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|     | apter 11: Commonw<br>ction 1: The Geograp |  |                        |                  |
| Gu  | ided Reading                              |  |                        |                  |
| 10. | includes                                  | ocated on the continent<br>, a large island<br>in the Indian and | south of the mainle    |                  |
| 11. |   | a short distance off the   |                        | •                |
| 12. | The Reef, is part of the Pa               | Sea, an important so cific Ocean.                                | ource of coral for the | ne Great Barrier |
| 13. |   | enter of the continent a his rock is a monolith c                |                        |                  |
| 14. | Southwest of                              | are the states   | of South Australia     | and Western      |

Australia, home of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ Desert.

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| W   | orld Studies for Georgia Students-Grade 6  |
|     | apter 11: Commonwealth of Australia<br>ction 2: A Brief History of Australia   |
| Gu  | ided Reading   |
|     | structions: Read the section and complete each item with words from e passages in this section.  |
| 1.  | are the native people of Australia.  |
| 2.  | The settled in the same places as present-day Australians, where the climate was most pleasant and water was available.  |
| 3.  | The first to sail to Australian waters arrived in 1606.  |
| 4.  | In 1770, Captain James Cook of charted the eastern Australian coast in his ship <i>Endeavour</i> . Following orders from King George III, Cook claimed the east coast for Great Britain and named eastern Australia "" |
| 5.  | The loss of the thirteen colonies in increased Britain's desire for new colonies. The large, sparsely populated continent of seemed a good place for expansion.  |
| 6.  | From 1788 to 1823, the colony of New South Wales was officially a colony consisting mainly of convicts, marines, and the marines' wives.   |
| 7.  | The British transported to Australia until 1868. By then, many free had settled in the region.   |
| 8.  | By 1861, officials created the between the colonies that are still used today. The of Australia was established on January 1, 1901.  |
| 9.  | The most damaging things the Europeans brought to Australia were   |

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|     | apter 11: Commonwealth of Australia<br>ation 2: A Brief History of Australia   |
| Gu  | ided Reading   |
| 10. | gave the British colonists a major advantage in fights.  Many people living near colonial settlements were killed or forced to move.   |
| 11. | The introduction of and to the area required that settlers build fences, clear trees, and raise crops for the livestock. This changed the  |
| 12. | The in the 1850s that attracted thousands of new settlers brought more with Aboriginal people and hundreds more deaths.  |
| 13. | Historically, the government of Australia has had a poor record when it comes to the of its Aboriginal citizens. Indigenous Australians were of their land, their culture was not appreciated, and they were and killed. |
| 14. | The story of Australia's official is a result of British colonization and expansion.   |
| 15. | The government became interested in Australia's west.  To keep the out, English settlers built new villages and cities as fast as possible.  |
| 16. | Europeans introduced to Australia in 1788. Irish were mostly Roman Catholic.   |

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|     | orld Studies for Ge  |                  |   |                     |
|     | apter 11: Commonwealth of Action 3: The Government of Ac   |                  |   |                     |
| Gu  | iided Reading  |                  |   |                     |
|     | structions: Read the section e passages in this section.   | and comp         | lete each item w                            | ith words from      |
| 1.  | Australia has an elected legislati that repres parliamentary                                     | sents the p      |   |                     |
| 2.  | The people of Australia members of parliament choose the head of the government.                 |                  |   |                     |
| 3.  | Australia's six create the Commonwealth of Au  |                  | om the six British                          | colonies united to  |
| 4.  | Any land within Australia's national border that is not claimed by one of the states is called a |                  |   |                     |
| 5.  | Instead, Australia's prime ministration monarch's responsibilities of the head of                | This<br>in Austr | governor-general s<br>alia and fulfills the | erves as the        |
| 6.  | There are twocalled the House of   | in the (         | Commonwealth Parand the                     | ·liament. These are |

7. After an election, the political party that wins the most \_\_\_\_\_ in

government.

the House of Representatives becomes the government. The winning party's leader becomes the \_\_\_\_\_\_ —the head of the

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|     | apter 11: Commonw<br>ction 3: The Governr | •                     |            |        |
| Gu  | ided Reading                              |                       |            |        |
| 8.  | In Australia, voting ist such as illness. | o vote is required to |            |        |

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|     | apter 11: Commonwealth of Australia<br>ction 4: The Economy of Australia  |
| Gu  | ided Reading  |
|     | <b>structions:</b> Read the section and complete each item with words from e passages in this section.  |
| 1.  | Australia has one of the economies in the world. Although most countries today have a mixed economy somewhere on a continuum (range) between market and command, Australia's economy leans heavily toward a system. |
| 2.  | is Australia's largest neighbor to the north. China's growth has a direct on the Australian economy.  |
| 3.  | Australia's makes it expensive for people to visit from other countries. Most international tourists to Australia come from   |
|     | Australia, for example, has many resources. Coal and ore are important to the industries of China.  |
| 5.  | Australia has tried to trade with other countries.  |
| 6.  | Australia has invested heavily in capital.  |
| 7.  | In fact, Australia's standard of living is one of the in the world, and its GDP ranks with the countries of Western Europe.   |
| 8.  | Even though Australia's rate and standard of living are among the highest in the world, there is in the country. The  |

worst conditions are among the \_\_\_\_\_\_.

his or her own business.

9. Australia is a world leader in \_\_\_\_\_\_. One in every 12 adults

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|     | apter 11: Commonwealth oction 4: The Economy of A   | •       |         |                      |
| Gu  | ided Reading  |         |         |                      |
| 10. | Australia's strong economy The country has experienced low inflation, low public debaystem. | l       | growt   | h, low unemployment, |
| 11. | The process of signing free to countries has increased produthe economy.                    |         |         |                      |

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|     | apter 11: Commonwealth of Australia<br>ction 5: US-Australia Relations  |  |  |
| Gu  | ided Reading  |  |  |
|     | <b>structions:</b> Read the section and complete each item with words from e passages in this section.  |  |  |
| 1.  | The United States and Australia established relations in 1940 after the United Kingdom's recognition of Australia's (right of self-government) within the British Empire.         |  |  |
| 2.  | Australia is a vital, and the United States and Australia have a strong partnership based on shared values and common interests, as well as cultural and historical similarities. |  |  |
| 3.  | Australian armed forces have fought with the United States military in every significant conflict since World War I.  |  |  |
| 4.  | The security treat with the United States has support in Australia as its most important security treaty alliance.  |  |  |
| 5.  | Overall, the US-Australia alliance is an anchor for and stability not only in the Asia-Pacific regions but around the world.  |  |  |
| 6.  | The United States is by far the foreign investor in Australia, accounting for more than 25 percent of its foreign investment.   |  |  |